Oracle® Communications Diameter Signal Routing

User Data Repository Cloud Disaster Recovery Guide

Release 8.5.0.2.0

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Diamter Signal Routing User Data Repository (DB Only) Cloud Disaster Recovery Guide for Release 8.5.0.2.0

F47139-01

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Chapter 1. Introduction

1.1 Purpose and Scope

This document describes disaster recovery procedures used during disaster scenarios of the cloud based Oracle Communications User Data Repository 12.6.2 product.

This document is a guide to describe procedures used to perform disaster recovery for Oracle Communications User Data Repository Cloud deployments. This includes recovery of partial or a complete loss of one or more Oracle Communications User Data Repository virtual servers (Primary or DR). The audience for this document includes Oracle customers as well as the following internal groups: Software Development, Quality Assurance, Product Verification, Information Development, and Consulting Services including NPx. This document provides step-by-step instructions to perform disaster recovery for Oracle Communications User Data Repository 12.6.2 Performing this procedure also involves referring to and performing procedures in existing support documents found in the reference section.

This document is intended for Customer Service team on the fielded Oracle Communications User Data Repository 12.6.2 systems.

1.2 References

- [1] Oracle Communications User Data Repository 12.6.2 Disaster Recovery Guide, F47139-01, latest revision
- [2] Oracle Communications User Data Repository 12.6.2 Cloud Installation and Configuration Guide, F47121-01, latest revision

1.3 Acronyms

Acronym	Meaning	
BIOS	Basic Input Output System	
CD	Compact Disk	
DR	Disaster Recovery	
FRU	Field Replaceable Unit	
IMI	Internal Management Interface	
ISL	Inter-Switch-Link	
NE	Network Element	
NOAMP	Network Operations, Administration, Maintenance and Provisioning	
ISO	Constains software images	
OVA	Open Virtualization Archive	
NAPD	Network Architecture Planning Diagram	
TAC	Technical Assistance Centers	
TPD	Tekelec Platform Distribution (Linux OS)	
UDR	User Data Repository	
VIP	Virtual IP	
VM	Virtual Machine	

DSR Release 8.5.0.2.0 5 UDR Release 12.6.2

Acronym	Meaning	
XMI	External Management Interface	

1.4 Terminology

Table 1. Terminology

Term	Definition	
Base hardware	Base hardware includes all hardware components (bare metal) and electrical wiring to allow a server to power on.	
Base software	Base software includes installing the operating system for the server: Tekelec Platform Distribution (TPD).	
Failed server	A failed server in disaster recovery context refers to a server that has suffered partial or complete software and/or hardware failure to the extent that it cannot restart or be returned to normal operation and requires intrusive activities to reinstall the software and/or hardware.	
Enablement	The business practice of providing support services (hardware, software, documentation, etc) that enable a 3 rd party entity to install, configuration, and maintain Oracle products for Oracle customers.	
Software Centric	The business practice of delivering an Oracle software product, while relying on the customer to procure the requisite hardware components. Oracle provides the hardware specifications, but does not provide the hardware, and is not responsible for hardware installation, configuration, or maintenance.	

1.5 How to Use this Document

When using this document, understanding the following helps to ensure that you understand the intent of the manual:

- Before beginning a procedure, completely read the instructional text (it displays immediately after the Section heading for each procedure) and all associated procedural WARNINGS or NOTES.
- Before performing of a STEP in a procedure, completely read the left and right columns including any STEP specific WARNINGS and/or NOTES.

If a procedural STEP fails to perform successfully, stop and contact My Oracle Support.

Chapter 2. General Description

Disaster recovery procedures falls into five basic categories. It is primarily dependent on the state of the UDR servers:

Recovery of the site from a total outage	All UDR servers failed
Recovery of one or more servers with at least one UDR server intact	1 or more UDR servers intact
Recovery of one or more servers with corrupt database	Case 1: No Replication ChannelCase 2: Replication Channel Available

2.1 Complete Site Outage (All Servers)

This is the worst case scenario where all the servers in the site have suffered complete software failure. The servers are recovered using OVA images then restoring database backups to the active UDR servers.

NOTE: UDR servers originally installed by ISO instead of OVA are recovered using ISO.

Database backups are taken from offsite backup storage locations (assuming these were performed and stored offsite before the outage). If backup files are not available, the only option is to rebuild the network from scratch. The network data must be reconstructed from whatever sources are available, including entering all data manually.

2.2 Partial Outage with One UDR Server Intact and Second UDR Server Failed

This case assumes that at least one UDR servers intact. Other servers have failed and are recovered using OVA images. Database is restored on the UDR server and replication recovers the database of the remaining servers.

2.3 Partial Outage with Corrupt Database

Case 1

Database is corrupted, replication channel is inhibited (either manually or because of comcol upgrade barrier) and database backup is available.

Case 2

Database is corrupted but replication channel is available.

Chapter 3. Procedure Overview

This section lists the materials required to perform disaster recovery procedures and a general overview (disaster recovery strategy) of the procedure.

3.1 Required Materials

The following items are needed for disaster recovery:

- 1. A hardcopy of this document (E71445-01) and hardcopies of all documents in the reference list
- 2. Hardcopy of all NAPD performed at the initial installation and network configuration of this site. If the NAPD cannot be found, escalate this issue in My Oracle Support until the NAPD documents can be located.
- 3. Oracle Communications User Data Repository recent backup files: electronic backup file (preferred) or hardcopy of all Oracle Communications User Data Repository configuration and provisioning data.
- 4. Latest Network Element report: Electronic file or hardcopy of Network Element report.
- 5. The network element XML file used for the VMs initial configuration.

The software media referenced here may be acquired online from the Oracle e-Delivery service at edelivery.oracle.com

This document and others referenced here can be acquired online from the Oracle Document Repository at the followin URI:

http://docs.oracle.com/en/industries/communications/user-data-repository/index.html

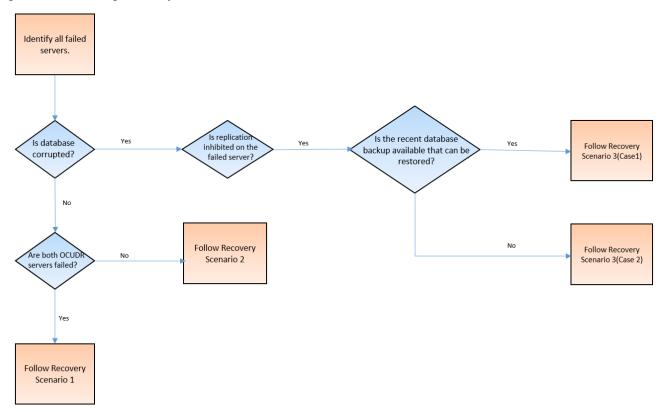
NOTE: For all disaster recovery scenarios, we assume that the UDR database backup was performed

3.2 Disaster Recovery Strategy

Disaster recovery procedure is performed as part of a disaster recovery strategy with the basic steps listed below:

- 1. Evaluate failure conditions in the network and determine that normal operations cannot continue without disaster recovery procedures. This means the failure conditions in the network match one of the failure scenarios described in section Chapter 2.
- 2. Read and review the content in this document.
- 3. Gather required materials in section 3.1 Required Materials
- 4. From the failure conditions, determine the Recovery Scenario and procedure to follow using Figure 1. Determining Recovery Scenario.
- 5. Perform the appropriate recovery procedures (listed in section Chapter 4).

Figure 1. Determining Recovery Scenario



3.3 Procedure Preparation

Disaster recovery procedure is dependent on the failure conditions in the network. The severity of the failure determines the recovery scenario for the network. Use Table 2: Recovery Scenarios below to evaluate the correct recovery scenario and follow the procedures listed to restore operations.

NOTE: A failed server in disaster recovery context refers to a server that has suffered partial or complete software failure to the extent that it cannot restart or be returned to normal operation and requires intrusive activities to re-deploy base software.

Table 2: Recovery Scenarios

Recovery Scenario	Failure Condition	Section
1	All UDR servers failed.	Section Recovery Scenario 1 (Complete Site Outage)
2	At least 1 UDR server is intact and available.	Section Recovery Scenario 2 (Partial Server Outage with One UDR Server Intact and Second UDR Server Failed)
3	Server is intactDatabase gets corrupted on the server	Section Recovery Scenario 3 (Database Recovery)
3: Case 1	Server is intactDatabase gets corrupted on the server	Section Recovery Scenario 3: Case 1

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Recovery Scenario	Failure Condition	Section
	Replication is inhibited (either manually or because of comcol upgrade barrier)	
3: Case 2	 Server is intact Database gets corrupted on the server Replication is occurring to the server with corrupted database 	Section Recovery Scenario 3: Case 2

Chapter 4. Disaster Recovery Procedure

Call the CAS main number at 1-800-223-1711 (toll-free in the United States), or call the Oracle Support hotline for your local country from the list at http://www.oracle.com/us/support/contact/index.html before performing this procedure to ensure that the proper recovery planning is performed.

Before disaster recovery, you must evaluate the outage scenario. This check ensures that the correct procedures are used for the recovery.

**** WARNING *****

**** WARNING *****

NOTE: Disaster recovery is an exercise that requires collaboration of multiple groups and is expected to be coordinated by the TAC prime. Based on TAC's assessment of Disaster, it may be necessary to deviate from the documented process.

4.1 Recovering and Restoring System Configuration

Disaster recovery requires configuring the system as it was before the disaster and restoration of operational information. There are 7 distinct procedures to select from depending on the type of recovery needed. Only one of these should be followed (not all).

4.1.1 Recovery Scenario 1 (Complete Site Outage)

For a complete server outage, UDR servers are recovered using recovery procedures for software and then performing a database restore to the active UDR server. All other servers are recovered using recovery procedures for software.

Database replication from the active UDR server recovers the database on these servers. The major activities are summarized in the list below. Use this list to understand the recovery procedure summary. Do not use this list to perform the procedure. The actual detailed steps are in Procedure 1. The major activities are summarized as follows:

Recover Base software for all VMs:

- Recover the virtual machines hosting the UDRs
- Recover the active UDR server by recovering the UDRs base software
- Recover the UDR database
- Reconfigure the application

Recover the standby UDR server by recovering base software, for a Non-HA deployment this can be skipped.

Reconfigure the Oracle Communications User Data Repository application

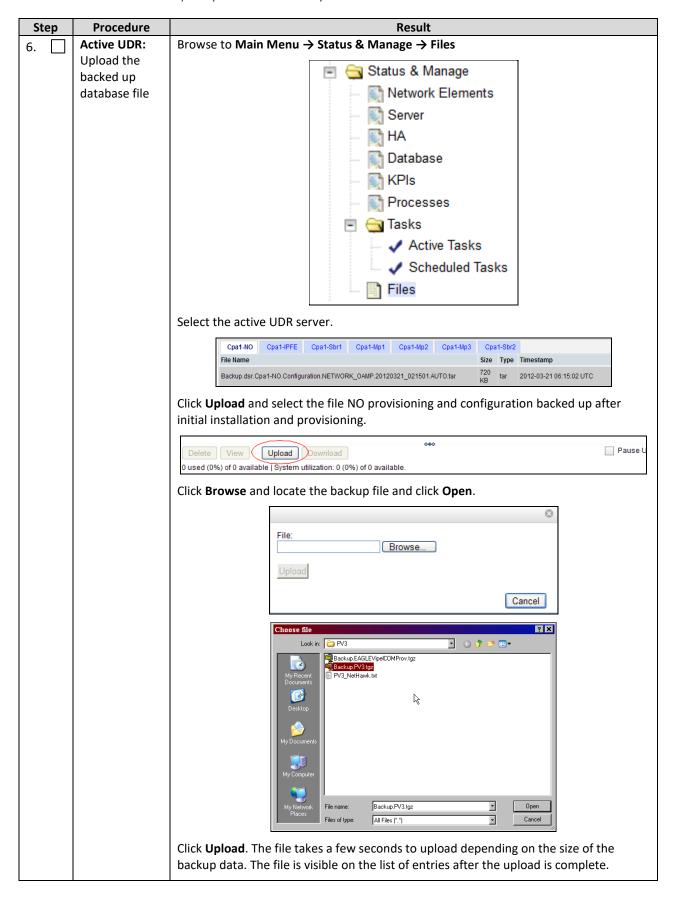
Restart process and re-enable provisioning replication

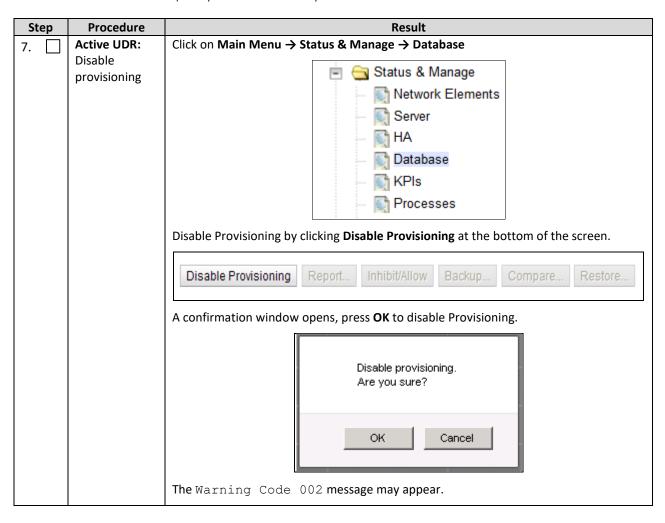
NOTE: Any other applications DR recovery actions (PCRF, etc) may occur in parallel. These actions can be worked simultaneously; doing so allows faster recovery of the complete solution.

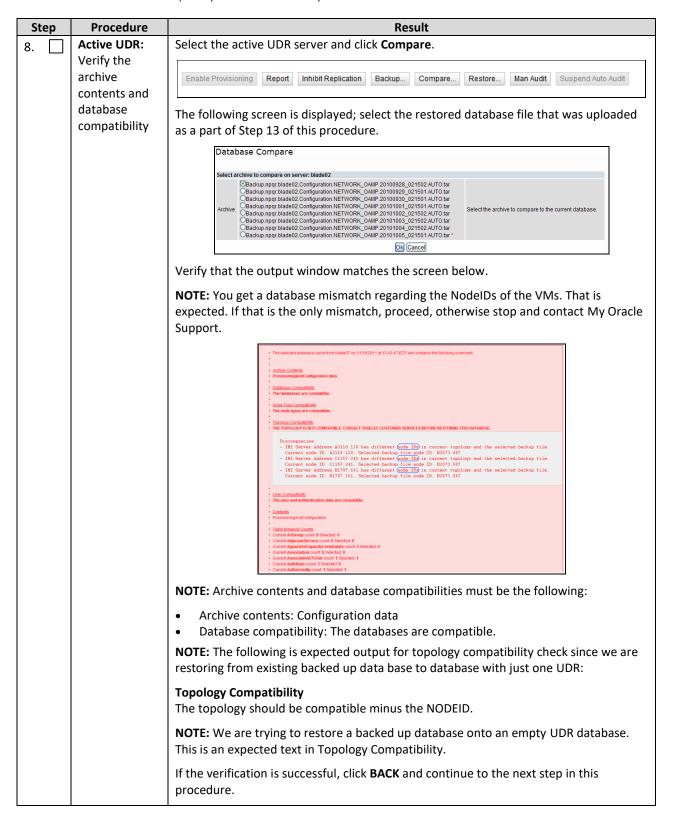
This procedure performs recovery if both UDR servers are failed

Procedure 1: Recovery Scenario 1—Complete Server Outage

Step	Procedure	Result	
1.	Gather Required Materials	Gather the documents and required materials listed in Section Required Materials	
2.	Recover the failed software	Perform these procedures from reference Oracle Communications User Data Repository 12.6.2 Cloud Installation and Configuration Guide, F47121-01, latest revision: Procedure 2: Deploy Oracle Communications User Data Repository Virtual Machines on VMware	
3.	Obtain latest database backup and network configuration data.	Obtain the most recent database backup file from external backup sources (ex. file servers) or tape backup sources. From required materials list in 3.1 Required Materials; use site survey documents and Network Element report (if available), to determine network configuration data.	
4.	Perform UDR installation procedure for the first UDR	Configure the First UDR server by performing procedures from reference Oracle Communications User Data Repository 12.6.2 Cloud Installation and Configuration Guide, F47121-01, latest revision [2]: Procedure 5: Configure UDR-A Server (1st NOAMP Only) NOTE: If Topology or nodeld alarms are persistent after the database restore, refer to the steps below.	
5.	Active UDR: Login	Oracle System Login Enter your username and password to log in Username: guiadmin Password: Change password Log In Enter your username and password to log in Username: guiadmin Password: Username: guiadmin Password: Oracle System Login. Unauthorized access is prohibited. This Oracle system requires the use of Microsoft internet Explorer 8.0, 9.0, or 10.0 with support for JavaScript and cookies. Oracle and Java are registered trademarks of Oracle Corporation and/or its affiliates. Other names may be trademarks of their respective owners.	



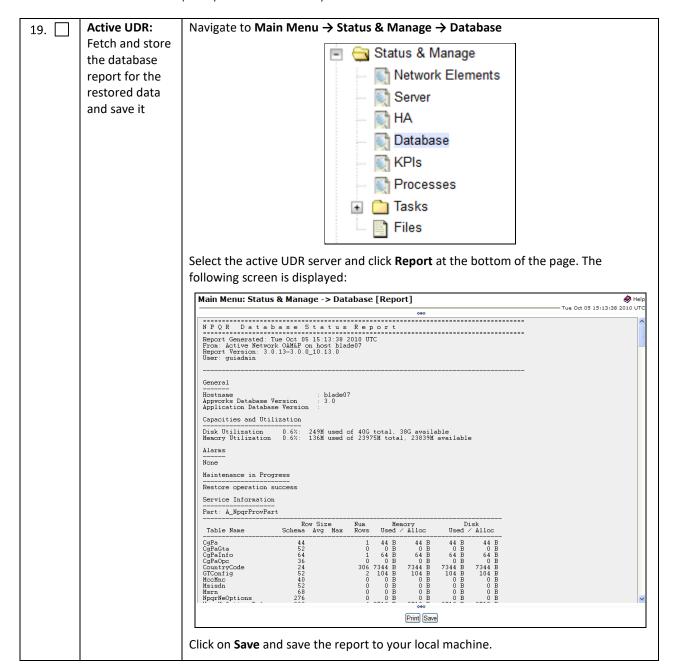




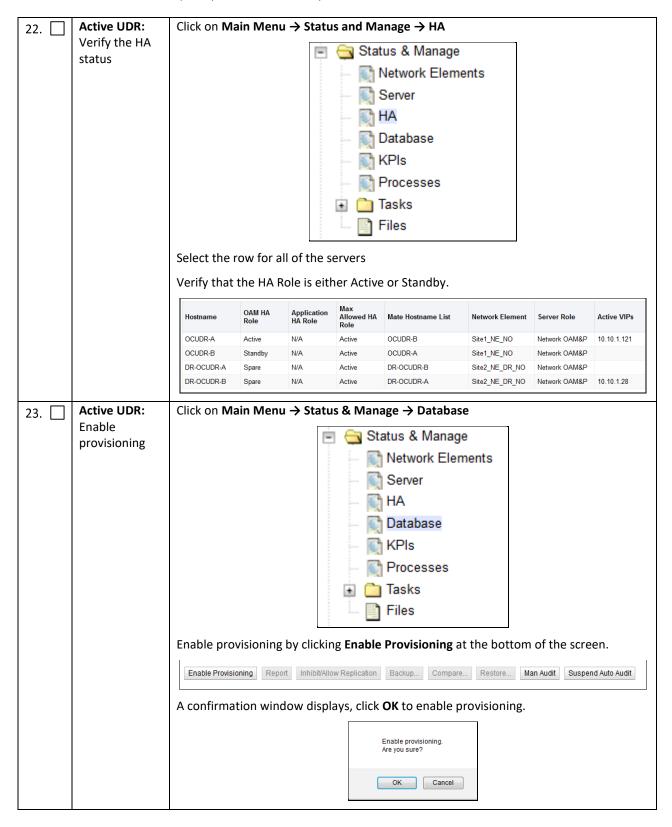
Step	Procedure	Result	
9.	Active UDR:	Navigate to Main Menu → Status & Manage → Database	
	Restore the database	Select the active UDR server, and click Restore .	
	database	Select the back up provisioning and configuration file.	
		Database Restore	
		Select archive to Restore on server: blade02	
		Backup.npqr.blade02.Configuration.NETWORK_OAMP.20100928_021502.AUTO.tar Backup.npqr.blade02.Configuration.NETWORK_OAMP.20100929_021501.AUTO.tar Backup.npqr.blade02.Configuration.NETWORK_OAMP.20100930_021501.AUTO.tar Backup.npqr.blade02.Configuration.NETWORK_OAMP.20100092.021502.AUTO.tar Backup.npqr.blade02.Configuration.NETWORK_OAMP.20101000_021501.AUTO.tar Backup.npqr.blade02.Configuration.NETWORK_OAMP.20101003_021502.AUTO.tar Backup.npqr.blade02.Configuration.NETWORK_OAMP.20101003_021502.AUTO.tar Backup.npqr.blade02.Configuration.NETWORK_OAMP.20101004_021502.AUTO.tar Backup.npqr.blade02.Configuration.NETWORK_OAMP.20101005_021501.AUTO.tar	
		Ok Cancel	
		Click OK . The following confirmation screen is displayed.	
		NOTE: You get a database mismatch regarding the NodelDs of the servers. That is	
		expected. If that is the only mismatch, proceed, otherwise stop and contact My Oracle	
		Support.	
		Select Force and click OK to proceed with the DB restore.	
		Database Restore Confirm Incompatible database selected	
		Discrepancies: - IMI Server Address A3118.120 has different node IDs in current topology and the selected backu p file. Current node ID: A3118.120, Selected backup file node ID: B2073.087 - IMI Server Address C1157.241 has different node IDs in current topology and the selected backu p file. Current node ID: C1157.241, Selected backup file node ID: B2073.087 - IMI Server Address B1787.161 has different node IDs in current topology and the selected backup file. Current node ID: B1787.161 Selected backup file node ID: B2073.087	
		Confirm archive "3bladeNPQR.blade07.Configuration.NETWORK_OAMP.20110119_184253.MAN.tar" to Restore on server: blade07 Force Restore? Force restore on blade07, despite compare errors. Oil Cancel	
		NOTE: After the restore has started, you are logged out of XMI NO GUI since the restored topology is old data.	
10.	Active UDR: Login	Establish a GUI session on the UDR server by using the VIP IP address of the UDR server. Open the web browser and enter a URL of:	
		http:// <primary_udr_vip_ip_address></primary_udr_vip_ip_address>	
		Login as the guiadmin user:	
		ORACLE*	
		Oracle System Login	
		Enter your username and password to log in Username: guiadmin Password: Change password Log In Username: guiadmin Password: Log In Welcome to the Oracle System Login. Unauthorized access is prohibited. This Oracle system requires the use of Microsoft intermet Explorer 8.0.9.0, or 10.0 with support for JavaScript and cookes. Oracle and Java are registered fractionaries of Oracle Cooperation and/or 8st affiliates. Oracle and Java are registered fractionaries of Oracle Cooperation and/or 8st affiliates.	

Step	Procedure	Result	
11.	Active UDR: Monitor and confirm	Wait for approximately 5 to 10 minutes for the system to stabilize with the new topology:	
	database restoral	Monitor the Info tab for Succes. This indicates that the backup is complete and the system is stabilized.	
		Following alarms must be ignored for UDR until all the servers are configured:	
		Alarms with Type Column as REPL , COLL, HA (with mate UDR), DB (about Provisioning Manually Disabled)	
		NOTE: Do not pay attention to alarms until all the servers in the system are completely restored.	
		NOTE: The configuration and maintenance information is in the same state it was backed up during initial backup.	
12.	Active UDR: Login	Login to the recovered active UDR via SSH terminal as admusr user.	
13.	Active UDR:	Perform the following command:	
	Restore /etc/hosts/ file of the active UDR	\$ sudo AppWorks AppWorks_AppWorks updateServerAliases < UDR Host Name>	
14.	Active UDR: Recover standby UDR	Configure the second UDR server by performing procedures from reference <i>Oracle Communications User Data Repository 12.6.2 Cloud Installation and Configuration Guide, F47121-01, latest revision</i> [2]:	
	(HA	Procedure 6 "Create Configuration for Remaining Servers", Step 8.	
	Deployments Only)	 Procedure 7 "Apply Configuration for Remaining Servers" for second UDR. NOTE: If Topology or nodeld alarms are persistent after the database restore, refer to 	
		the steps below.	
15.	Active UDR: Restart UDR	Navigate to Main Menu → Status & Manage → Server,	
	application on		
	recovered UDR	Network Elements	
		Server	
		— ⋒ HA — ⋒ Database	
		₩ KPIs	
		Processes	
		Tasks	
		Files	
		Select the recovered standby UDR server and click Restart .	
		Stop Restart Reboot NTP Sync Report	

Step	Procedure	Result	
16.	Active UDR:	Navigate to Status & Manage → HA	
	Set HA on standby UDR	Status & Manage Network Elements Server HA Database KPIs Processes Tasks Files	
		Click Edit at the bottom of the screen.	
		Select the standby UDR server, set it to Active.	
		Click OK .	
17.	Active UDR: Login	Establish a GUI session on the UDR server by using the VIP IP address of the UDR server. Open the web browser and enter a URL of: http:// <primary_udr_vip_ip_address> Login as the guiadmin user: Oracle System Login Enter your username and password to log in Username: guiadmin Password: Unauthorized access is prohibited. This Oracle System requires the use of Microsoft Internet Explorer 8.0, 9.0, or 10.0 with support for JavaScript and coolees. Oracle and Java are registered trademarks of Oracle Corporation and/or its affiliates. Other names may be trademarks of their respective owners.</primary_udr_vip_ip_address>	
18.	Active UDR: Perform key exchange between the active-UDR and recovered servers.	Establish an SSH session to the active UDR, login as admusr. Run the following command to perform a keyexchange from the active UDR to each recovered server: \$ keyexchange admusr@ <recovered hostname="" server=""></recovered>	



20.	Active UDR:	Login to the active	UDR via S	SH terr	ninal as	admus	sr user.				
	Verify replication between	Run the following	command	:							
		\$ sudo irepstat -m									
	servers	Output is generate	ed:								
		Policy 0 Acts	Stb [DbRe	plicat	ion] -						
		*UDR-A (A2434.10)4) Ac	t/Act	Act	Gr	oups=1	Links:	=2		
		AA TO PO UI	DR-B A	ctive		0	0.10	1%R 0	.08%cpu	44.6/	s
		AA TO P1 DF	R-UDR-B A	ctive		0	0.10	1%R 0	.10%cpu	38.6/	s
		UDR-B (A2434.105	5) Act	/Stb -	- Stb ·	Gro	ups=1	Links=	1		
		AA From P0 *U	JDR-A A	ctive		0	0.10	^0.07	cpu 35	.7/s	
		DR-UDR-A (A3629.	.172)	Stb/St	b I1	nSvc -	- Grou	ps=1 L	inks=1		
		AA From PO DE	R-UDR-B A	ctive		0	0.10	^0.07	cpu 49	.9/s	
		DR-UDR-B (A3629.	.173)	Stb/Ac	t Ii	nSvc -	- Grou	ps=1 L	inks=2		
		AA To PO DE	R-UDR-A A	ctive		0	0.10	1%R 0	.08%cpu	31.3/	s
		AA From P1 *U	JDR-A A	ctive		0	0.10	^0.06	&cpu 47	.1/s	
21.	Active UDR: Verify the database states	Verify that the OAI status is Normal. Network Element Server SRE2_NE_DR_NO DR-OCUDR-B SRE1_NE_NO OCUDR-B SRE1_NE_NO OCUDR-B SRE1_NE_NO DR-OCUDR-B SRE2_NE_DR_NO DR-OCUDR-A			Status Netv Sen HA Data Proc Tasi	& Man work E ver abase s cesses ks	age Element	ds	UDR, an SIG Repl Status NotApplicable NotApplicable NotApplicable	Repl Status Allowed Allowed Allowed	Repl Audit Status NotApplicable NotApplicable NotApplicable NotApplicable



24.	Active UDR:	Login to the UDR VIP if not logged in.
	Examine all alarms	Navigate to Main Menu → Alarms & Events → View Active Alarms & Events View Active View History View Trap Log Examine all active alarms and refer to the on-line help on how to address them. If needed contact My Oracle Support.
25.	Restore GUI usernames and passwords	If applicable, perform the steps in Chapter 5 to recover the user and group information restored.
26.	Backup and archive all the databases from the recovered system	Perform Appendix A Oracle Communications User Data Repository Database Backup to back up the configuration databases.
		THIS PROCEDURE HAS BEEN COMPLETED

4.1.2 Recovery Scenario 2 (Partial Server Outage with One UDR Server Intact and Second UDR Server Failed)

For a partial server outage with an UDR server intact and available; second UDR server is recovered using recovery procedures for software. Second server is recovered using recovery procedures for software. Database replication from the active UDR server recovers the database on second server. The major activities are summarized in the list below. Use this list to understand the recovery procedure summary. Do not use this list to perform the procedure. The actual steps are in Procedure 2. The major activities are summarized as follows:

Recover Standby UDR server (if needed) by recovering software and the database.

• Recover the software.

This procedure performs recovery if at least 1 UDR server is available but second server in a site have failed. This includes any UDR server .

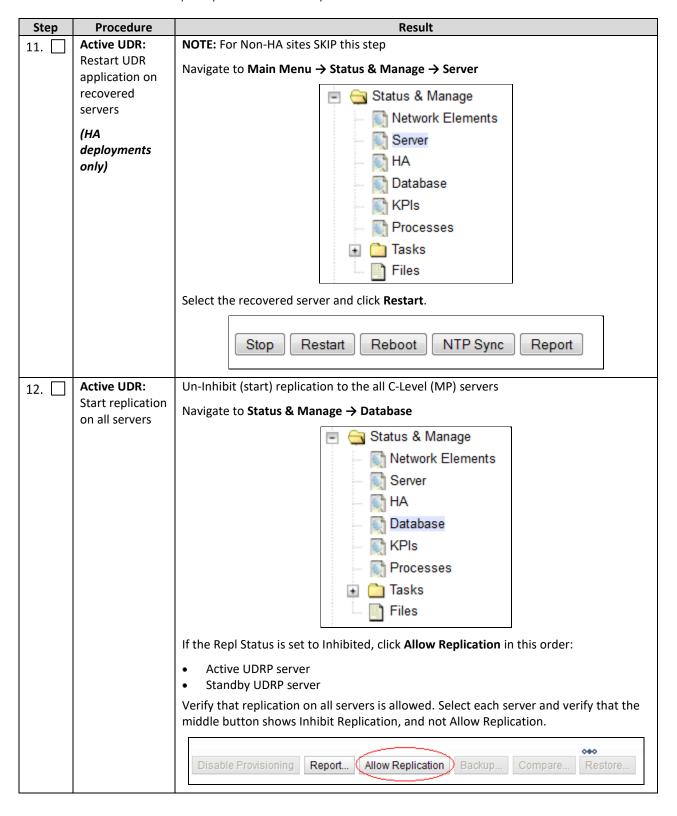
Procedure 2: Recovery Scenario 2—Partial Outage One UDR Intact

	Step Procedure		Result
1	L. 🗌	Gather required materials	Gather the documents and required materials listed in Required Materials

Step	Procedure	Result					
2.	Active UDR: Login	Establish a GUI session on the UDR server by using the VIP IP address of the UDR server. Open the web browser and enter a URL of:					
		http:// <primary_udr_vip_ip_address></primary_udr_vip_ip_address>					
		Login as the guiadmin user:					
		ORACLE'					
		Oracle System Login Fri Mar 20 12:29:52 2015 EDT					
		Log In Enter your username and password to log in Username: guiadmin Password: Change password Log In Welcome to the Oracle System Login. Unauthorized access is prohibited. This Oracle system requires the use of Microsoft internet Explorer 8.0, 9.0, or 10.0 with support for Java Script and cookes. Oracle and Java are responsed trademarks of Oracle Coposition and/or its affiliates.					
		Other names may be trademarks of their respective owners.					
3.	Active UDR: Set failed server to standby	1. Navigate to Main Menu → Status & Manage → HA Status & Manage Network Elements Server HA Database KPIs Processes Tasks Files 2. Select Edit 3. Set the Max Allowed HA Role to Standby for the failed server. 4. Click Ok Ok Cancel					
4.	Create VMs Recover the failed software	Perform the following procedures from reference <i>Oracle Communications User Data Repository 12.6.2 Cloud Installation and Configuration Guide, F47121-01, latest revision</i> [2]:					
		Procedure 2: Deploy Oracle Communications User Data Repository Virtual Machines on VMware					

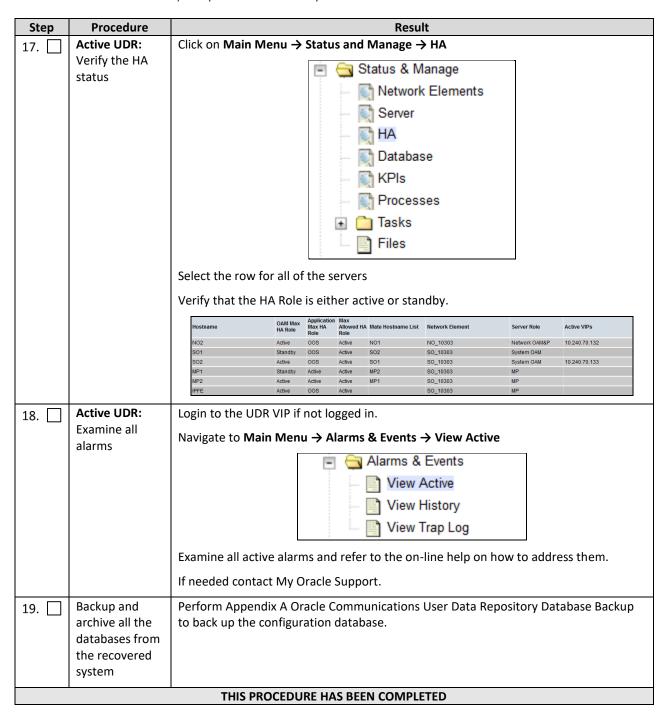
Step	Procedure	Result
5.	Active UDR: Login	Establish a GUI session on the UDR server by using the VIP IP address of the UDR server. Open the web browser and enter a URL of:
	Login	·
		http:// <primary_udr_vip_ip_address></primary_udr_vip_ip_address>
		Login as the guiadmin user:
		ORACLE"
		Oracle System Login Fri Mar 20 12:29:52 2015 EDT
		Log In Enter your username and password to log in
		Username: guadrum Password:
		Log In
		Veccore to the Crack System Login. Unauthorized access is prohibited Triso Grack system requires the use of Microsoft Internet Epiporer 8.0, 9.0, or 10.0 with support 15 associatory and coxides.
		Oracle and Jass are regalered trademarks of Oracle Corporation and/or its affiliates. Other names may be trademarks of their respective owners.
6.	Active UDR: Recover standby UDR	Configure the standby UDR server by performing procedures from reference <i>Oracle Communications User Data Repository 12.6.2 Cloud Installation and Configuration Guide, F47121-01, latest revision</i> [2]:
		Procedure 6 "Create Configuration for Remaining Servers", Step 8.
		Procedure 7 "Apply Configuration for Remaining Servers" for UDR.
		NOTE: If Topology or nodeld alarms are persistent after the database restore, refer to the steps below.
7.	Active UDR:	Navigate to Main Menu → Status & Manage → Serve r,
	Restart UDR application on	🖃 🦳 Status & Manage
	recovered UDR	Network Elements
		- Server
		Database
		⊢ Mis KPIs
		Processes
		■ 🛅 Tasks
		└─ 🛅 Files
		Select the recovered standby UDR server and click Restart .
		Stop Restart Reboot NTP Sync Report

Step	Procedure	Result
8.	Active UDR:	Navigate to Status & Manage → HA
	Set HA on recovered UDR	Status & Manage Network Elements Server HA Database KPIs Processes Tasks Files
		Click Edit at the bottom of the screen
		Select the standby UDR server, set it to Active
		Click OK
9.	Recovered Servers: Login	Establish an SSH to the recovered XMI address for the server
10.	Recovered Servers: Sync NTP	1. Perform the following to retrieve the remote NTP server: \$ sudo ntpq -np Example output: [admusr@UDR-2 ~]\$ ntpq -np remote refid st t when poll reach delay offset jitter



13.	Active UDR: Perform key	Establish an SSH session to the Active UDR, login as admusr.
	Perform key	, , ,
	exchange between the	Perform the following command to perform a keyexchange from the active UDR to each recovered server:
	active-UDR and	<pre>\$ keyexchange admusr@<recovered hostname="" server=""></recovered></pre>
	recovered servers.	NOTE: If an export server is configured, perform this step.
14.	Active UDR: Fetch and store the database report for the restored data and save it	Navigate to Main Menu → Status & Manage → Database Status & Manage Network Elements Server HA Database KPIs Processes Tasks Files Files

Step	Procedure	Result										
15.	Active UDR:	Login to th	Login to the active UDR via SSH terminal as admusr user.									
	Verify replication between	Perform th	e follow	ing comm	nand:							
		\$ sudo	ireps	tat -m								
	servers.	Output like	below i	is generat	ed:							
		Policy	0 ActS	tb [DbRe	plicat	cion] -						
		*UDR-A (A	2434.10	4) Ac	t/Act	Act	G	roups=	l Link	s=2		
		AA To	PO UD	R-B A	ctive		0	0.1	0 1%R (0.06%cr	ou 65.4	1/s
		AA To	P1 DR	-UDR-B A	ctive		0	0.1	0 1%R (0.08%cr	u 73.0)/s
		UDR-B (A2	434.105) Act	/Stb -	Stb	Gr	oups=1	Links:	=1		
		AA From	P0 *U	DR-A A	ctive		0	0.1	4 ^0.0	7%cpu 6	6.0/s	
		DR-UDR-A	(A3629.	172)	Stb/St	b I	nSvc	Gro	ups=1 :	Links=1	=	
		AA From	P0 DR	-UDR-B A	ctive		0	0.1	0 ^0.0	7%cpu 8	3.5/s	
		DR-UDR-B	(A3629.	173)	Stb/A	ct I	nSvc	Gro	ups=1	Links=2	2	
		AA To	PO DR	-UDR-A A	ctive		0	0.1	0 1%R (0.08%cr	ou 72.8	3/s
		AA From	P1 *U	DR-A A	ctive		0	0.1	0.00	6%cpu 7	73.2/s	
16.	Active UDR: Verify the database states		the OAN ormal. Server DR-OCUDR-B	M Max HA	A Role i	Status Netv Sen HA Data KPI Tasl File s either	& Mai	nage Elemen S Or star	odby for	SIG Repl Status	Repl Status	Repl Audit Status NotApplicable
		Site1_NE_NO Site1_NE_NO	OCUDR-A OCUDR-B	Network OAM&P	Active Standby	N/A N/A	Normal Normal	18387 18387	Normal Normal	NotApplicable NotApplicable		NotApplicable NotApplicable
		Site2_NE_DR_NO		Network OAM&P	Spare	N/A	Normal	18387	Normal	NotApplicable		NotApplicable



1.1.1 Recovery Scenario 3 (Database Recovery)

The following sections deal with recovering from database corruption, whether a backup is present or not.

1.1.1.1 Recovery Scenario 3: Case 1

For a partial outage with

- Server having a corrupted database
- Replication channel from parent is inhibited because of upgrade activity or
- Server is in a different release then that of its active parent because of upgrade activity.

- Verify that the Server Runtime backup files, performed at the start of the upgrade, are present in /var/TKLC/db/filemgmt area in the following format
 - o Backup.UDR.HPC02-NO2.FullDBParts.NETWORK_OAMP.20140524_223507.UPG.tar.bz2
 - o Backup.UDR.HPC02-NO2.FullRunEnv.NETWORK_OAMP.20140524_223507.UPG.tar.bz2

NOTE: During recovery, the corrupted database is replaced by the sever runtime backup. Any configuration performed after taking the backup is not visible post recovery.

This procedure performs recovery if database is corrupted in the system

Procedure 3: Recovery Scenario 3 (Case 1)—Database Recovery Backup Present

Step	Procedure	Result
1.	Active UDR:	Navigate to Main Menu → Status & Manage → HA
	Set failed servers to standby	Status & Manage Network Elements Server HA Database KPIs Processes Tasks Files
		Select Edit Set the Max Allowed HA Role to Standby for the failed servers. Click Ok Ok Cancel
2.	Server with DB Corruption: Login	Establish an SSH session to the server in question. Login as admusr user.
3.	Server with DB Corruption: Change runlevel to 3	Run the following command to bring the system to runlevel 3. \$ sudo init 3
4.	Server with DB Corruption: Recover system	Run the following command and follow the instructions appearing the console prompt \$ sudo /usr/TKLC/appworks/sbin/backout_restore

Step	Procedure	Result
5.	Server with DB Corruption: Change runlevel to 4	Perform the following command to bring the system back to runlevel 4. \$ sudo init 4
6.	Server with DB Corruption: Verify the server	Perform the following command to verify if the processes are up and running \$ sudo pm.getprocs
7.	Active UDR: Set failed servers to active	Navigate to Status & Manage Status & Manage Network Elements Server HA Database KPIs Processes Tasks Files Click Edit at the bottom of the screen For each failed server whose Max Allowed HA Role is set to Standby, set it to Active Click OK
8.	Backup and archive all the databases from the recovered system	Perform Appendix A Oracle Communications User Data Repository Database Backup to back up the configuration databases:
		THIS PROCEDURE HAS BEEN COMPLETED

4.1.2.1 Recovery Scenario 3: Case 2

For a partial outage with

- Server having a corrupted database
- Replication channel is available or
- Server has the same release as that of its active parent

This procedure performs recovery if database got corrupted in the system and system is in the state to get replicated

Procedure 4: Recovery Scenario 3 (Case 2)—Database Recovery Backup Not Present

Step	Procedure	Result
1.	Active UDR:	Navigate to Main Menu → Status & Manage → HA
	Set failed servers to standby	Status & Manage Network Elements Server HA Database KPIs Processes Tasks Files
		Click Edit
		Set the Max Allowed HA Role to Standby for the failed servers.
		Click Ok
		Ok Cancel
2.	Server with DB Corruption:	Establish an SSH session to the server in question. Login as admusr user.
3.	Server with DB Corruption: Take server out of service	Run the following command to take the server out of service. \$ sudo bash -1 \$ sudo prod.clobber

Step	Procedure	Result					
4.	Server with DB Corruption: Take server to DbUp state and start the aplication	Perform the following commands to take the server to Dbup and start the Oracle Communications User Data Repository application: \$ sudo bash -1 \$ sudo prod.start					
5.	Server with DB Corruption: Verify the server state	Perform the following commands to verify the processes are up and running: \$ sudo pm.getprocs Perform the following command to verify if replication channels are up and running: \$ sudo irepstat Perform the following command to verify if merging channels are up and running: \$ sudo inetmstat					
6.	Active UDR: Restart UDR application	Navigate to Main Menu → Status & Manage → Server Status & Manage Network Elements Server HA Database KPIs Processes Tasks Files Select each recovered server and click Restart. Stop Restart Reboot NTP Sync Report					

Step	Procedure	Result			
7.	Active UDR: Set failed servers to active	Navigate to Status & Manage → HA Status & Manage Network Elements Server HA Database KPIs Processes Tasks Files Click Edit at the bottom of the screen For each failed server whose Max Allowed HA Role is set to Standby, set it to Active Press OK			
8.	Backup and archive all the databases from the recovered system	Perform Appendix A Oracle Communications User Data Repository Database Backup to back up the configuration databases.			
	THIS PROCEDURE HAS BEEN COMPLETED				

Chapter 5. Resolving User Credential Issues after Database Restore

User incompatibilities may introduce security holes or prevent access to the network by administrators. User incompatibilities are not dangerous to the database, however. Review each user difference carefully to ensure that the restoration does not impact security or accessibility.

5.1 Keeping a Restored User (Resetting User Password)

User accounts kept across a restore operation have their passwords reset. This procedure guides you through that process.

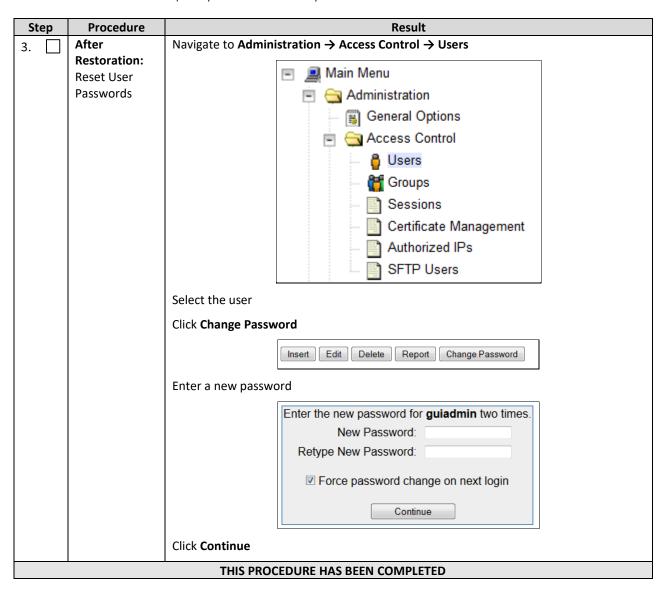
Perform this procedure to keep users that are restored by system restoration.

Check off ($\sqrt{}$) each step as it is completed. Boxes have been provided for this purpose under each step number.

If this procedure fails, contact My Oracle Support, and ask for assistance.

Procedure 5: Keep Restored User (Resetting User Password)

Step	Procedure	Result
1.	Before Restoration: Notify Affected Users (Before Restoration)	Contact each user that is affected before the restoration and notify them that you are resetting their password during this maintenance operation.
2.	After Restoration: Login to the active UDR (before restoration)	Establish a GUI session on the UDR server by using the VIP IP address of the UDR server. Open the web browser and enter a URL of: http:// <primary_udr_vip_ip_address> Login as the guiadmin user: Oracle System Login Enter your username and password to log in Username: guiadmin Password: Username: guiadmin Password: Username: guiadmin Password: Username guiadmin Password: Unauthorized access is probletted. This Oracle System Logn. Unauthorized access is probletted. This Oracle System Logn. Oracle and Java are registered to ademarks of Oracle Corporation and/or its affiliates. Other names may be trademarks of their respective owners.</primary_udr_vip_ip_address>



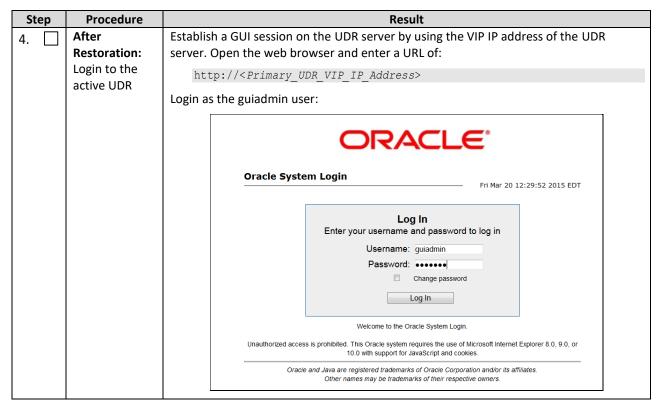
5.2 Removing a Restored User

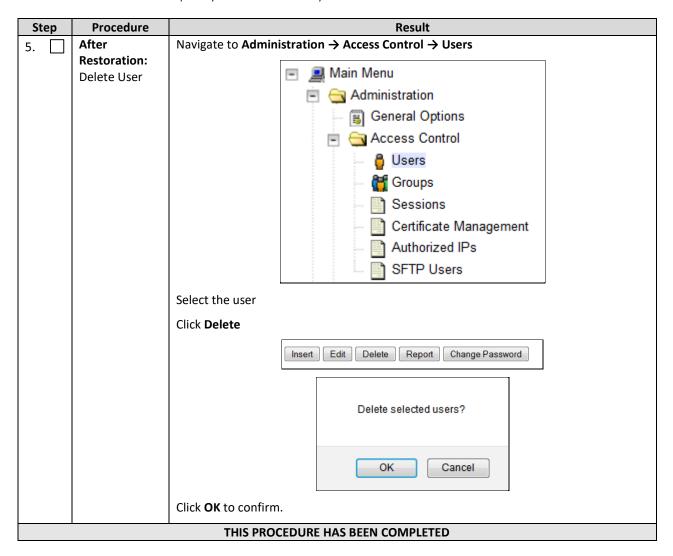
Perform this procedure to remove users that are restored by system restoration

Check off ($\sqrt{}$) each step as it is completed. Boxes have been provided for this purpose under each step number.

If this procedure fails, contact My Oracle Support, and ask for assistance.

Procedure 6: Remove the Restored User





5.3 Restoring a Modified User

These users have had a password change before the creation of the backup and archive file. They are reverted by system restoration of that file.

The password for testuse differs between the selected backup file and the current database.

Before Restoration:

Verify that you have access to a user with administrator permissions that is not affected.

Contact each user that is affected and notify them that you are resetting their password during this maintenance operation.

After Restoration:

Log in and reset the passwords for all users in this category. See the steps in Section 5.1 (Keeping a Restored User) for resetting passwords for a user.

5.4 Restoring an Archive that Does Not Contain a Current User

These users have been created after the backup operation. They are deleted by a system restoration of that file.

If the users are not needed, do not perform any additional steps. The user is permanently removed.

Perform this procedure to remove users that are restored by system restoration

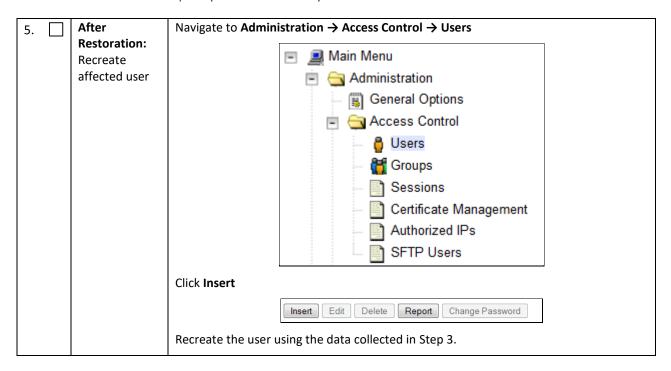
Check off ($\sqrt{}$) each step as it is completed. Boxes have been provided for this purpose under each step number.

If this procedure fails, contact My Oracle Support, and ask for assistance.

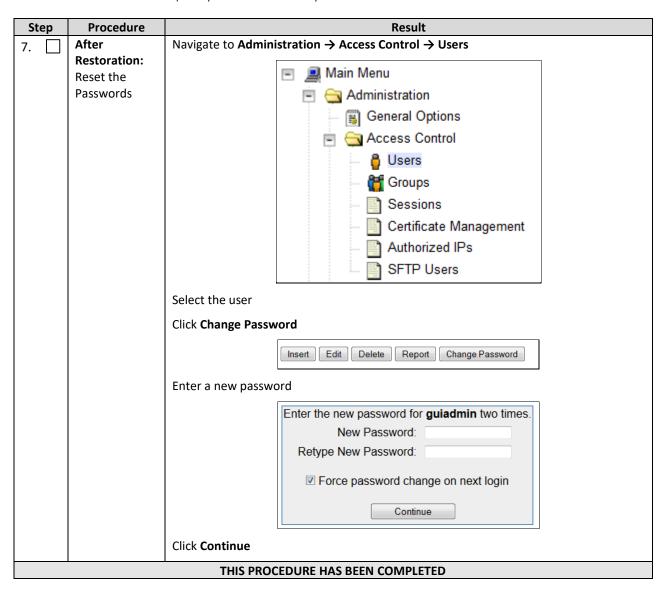
Procedure 7: Restoring an Archive that does not Contain a Current User

Step	Procedure	Result
1.	Before Restoration: Notify Affected Users (Before Restoration)	Contact each user that is affected before the restoration and notify them that you are resetting their password during this maintenance operation.
2.	Before Restoration: Login to the active UDR (before restoration)	Establish a GUI session on the UDR server by using the VIP IP address of the UDR server. Open the web browser and enter a URL of: http:// <primary_udr_vip_ip_address> Login as the guiadmin user: Oracle System Login Enter your username and password to log in Username: guiadmin Password: Username: guiadmin Password: Username: guiadmin Username: guiadmin Username: guiadmin Password: Unauthorized access is prohibited. This Oracle system requires the use of Microsoft internet Explorer 8.0, 9.0, or 10 or with support for JavaScript and cookles. Oracle and Java are registered trademarks of Oracle Corporation and/or as affiliates. Oracle and Java are registered trademarks of Oracle Corporation and/or as affiliates.</primary_udr_vip_ip_address>

Step	Procedure	Result
3.	Before	Navigate to Administration → Access Control → Users
	Restoration: Record user	Main Menu
	settings	Administration
	(Before	General Options
	Restoration)	☐ ☐ Access Control
		- 👸 Users
		- de Groups
		- Sessions
		Certificate Management
		Authorized IPs
		SFTP Users
		Under each affected user, record the following:
		Username
		 Account status Remote auth
		Local auth
		Concurrent logins allowed
		Inactivity limit Comment
		CommentGroups
4.	After Restoration:	Establish a GUI session on the UDR server by using the VIP IP address of the UDR server. Open the web browser and enter a URL of:
	Login	http:// <primary_udr_vip_ip_address></primary_udr_vip_ip_address>
		Login as the guiadmin user:
		Login as the guiaumin user.
		ORACLE"
		Oracle System Login Fri Mar 20 12:29:52 2015 EDT
		Log In
		Enter your username and password to log in Username: guiadmin
		Password: ••••••• Change password
		Log In
		Welcome to the Oracle System Login.
		Unauthorized access is prohibited. This Oracle system requires the use of Microsoft Internet Explorer 8.0, 9.0, or 100 with support for JavaScript and cookies. Oracle and Java are registered trademarks of Oracle Corporation and/or its affiliates.
		Other names may be trademarks of their respective names. Other names may be trademarks of their respective names.



Step	Procedure	Result
		Username *
		Group *
		Authentication Options Allow Remote Authentication Allow Local Authentication
		Access Options Access Options Allow GUI Access Allow MMI Access
		Access Allowed
		Maximum Concurrent Logins 0
		Session Inactivity Limit 120
		Comment *
		Click Ok Ok Apply Cancel
6.	After Restoration: Repeat for Additional Users	Repeat Step 5 to recreate additional users.



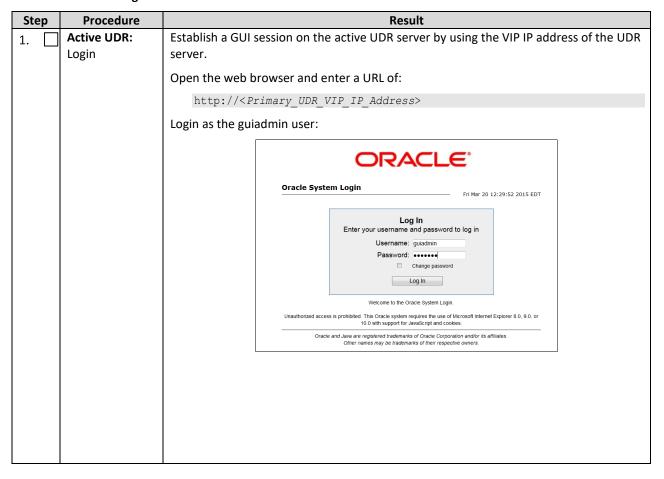
Appendix A. Oracle Communications User Data Repository Database Backup

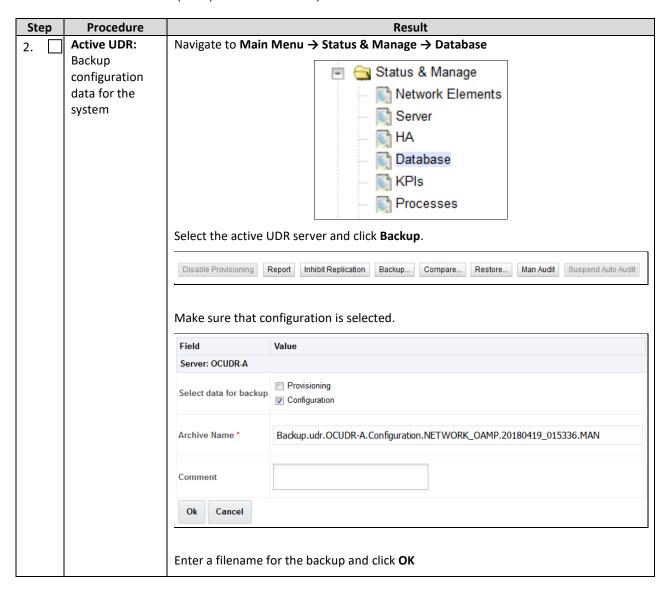
The intent of this procedure is to back up the provision and configuration information from an UDR server after the disaster recovery is complete

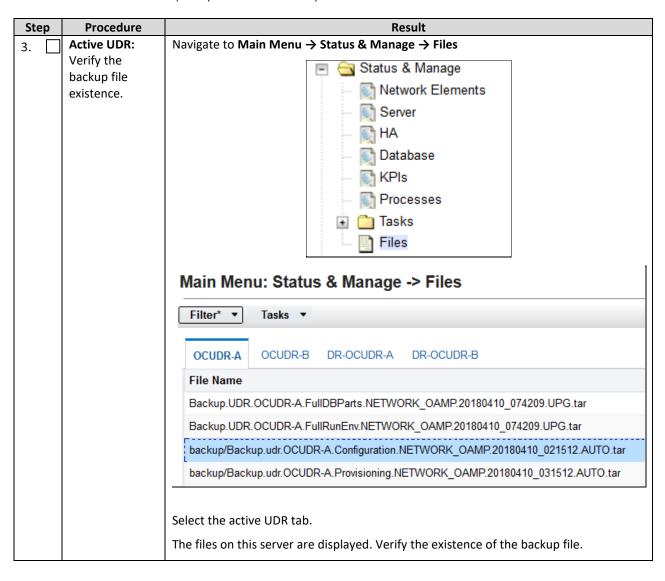
Check off ($\sqrt{}$) each step as it is completed. Boxes have been provided for this purpose under each step number.

If this procedure fails, contact My Oracle Support, and ask for assistance.

Procedure 8: Restoring an Archive that does not Contain a Current User







Step Procedur	Result				
4. x Active UDR: Download the file to a local machine.	From the previous step, select the backup file. e Click Download				
5. Upload the Image to Sec Location	Transfer the backed up image saved in Step 4 to a secure location where the server backup files are fetched during a system disaster recovery.				
THIS PROCEDURE HAS BEEN COMPLETED					

Appendix B. My Oracle Support

My Oracle Support (https://support.oracle.com) is your initial point of contact for all product support and training needs. A representative at Customer Access Support (CAS) can assist you with My Oracle Support registration.

Call the CAS main number at 1-800-223-1711 (toll-free in the US), or call the Oracle Support hotline for your local country from the list at http://www.oracle.com/us/support/contact/index.html. When calling, make the selections in sequence on the Support telephone menu:

- 6. Select 2 for New Service Request
- 7. Select **3** for Hardware, Networking and Solaris Operating system support
- 8. Select one of the following options:
 - o For Technical issues such as creating a Service Request (SR), Select 1
 - o For Non-technical issues such as registration or assistance with My Oracle Support, Select 2

You are connected to a live agent who can assist you with My Oracle Support registration and opening a support ticket.

My Oracle Support is available 24 hours a day, 7 days a week, 365 days a year.

Appendix C. Locate Product Documentation on the Oracle Help Center Site

Oracle Communications customer documentation is available on the web at the Oracle Help Center (OHC) site, http://docs.oracle.com. You do not have to register to access these documents. Viewing these files requires Adobe Acrobat Reader, which can be downloaded at http://www.adobe.com.

- 1. Access the Oracle Help Center site at http://docs.oracle.com
- 2. Click Industries.
- 3. Under the Oracle Communications subheading, click Oracle Communications documentation.
- 4. The Communications Documentation page displays. Most products covered by these documentation sets appear under the headings Network Session Delivery and Control Infrastructure or Platforms.
- 5. Click on your Product and then the Release Number.
- 6. A list of the documentation set for the selected product and release displays.
- 7. To download a file to your location, right-click **PDF**, select **Save target as** (or similar command based on your browser), and save to a local folder.